

GOOGLE SHEETS STATS FUNCTIONS

Filter	SORT	SORT(range, sort_column, is_ascending, [sort_column2], [is_ascending2])	Sorts the rows of a given array or range by the values in one or more columns.
Statistical	AVEDEV	AVEDEV(value1, [value2, ...])	Calculates the average of the magnitudes of deviations of data from a dataset's mean. Learn more
Statistical	AVERAGE	AVERAGE(value1, [value2, ...])	Returns the numerical average value in a dataset, ignoring text
Statistical	COUNT	COUNT(value1, [value2, ...])	Returns a count of the number of numeric values in a dataset.
Statistical	MAX	MAX(value1, [value2, ...])	Returns the maximum value in a numeric dataset. Learn more
Statistical	MEDIAN	MEDIAN(value1, [value2, ...])	Returns the median value in a numeric dataset. Learn more
Statistical	MIN	MIN(value1, [value2, ...])	Returns the minimum value in a numeric dataset.
Statistical	MODE	MODE(value1, [value2, ...])	Returns the most commonly occurring value in a dataset.
Statistical	PERCENTILE	PERCENTILE(data, percentile)	Returns the value at a given percentile of a dataset.
Statistical	QUARTILE	QUARTILE(data, quartile_number)	Returns a value nearest to a specified quartile of a dataset.
Statistical	SKEW	SKEW(value1, value2)	Calculates the skewness of a dataset, which describes the symmetry of that dataset about the mean.
Statistical	STDEV	STDEV(value1, [value2, ...])	Calculates the standard deviation based on a sample. Learn more
Statistical	STDEVP	STDEVP(value1, value2)	Calculates the standard deviation based on an entire population.
Statistical	VAR	VAR(value1, [value2, ...])	Calculates the variance based on a sample. Learn more
Statistical	VARP	VARP(value1, value2)	Calculates the variance based on an entire population.

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